

Background

7 Dec 2022 Governor <u>issues order</u> requiring all state agencies to ban TikTok from all state-owned devices and networks; directs TxDPS and TxDIR to develop plan providing state agencies guidance on managing personal devices they use to conduct state business.

6 Feb 2023 Governor announces <u>statewide model security plan</u> for state agencies to address vulnerabilities presented in the use of TikTok and other software on personal and state-issued devices.

14 June 2023 Texas Legislature passes <u>SB 1893 88(R)</u> amending Texas Government Code to add <u>chapter 620</u>: "USE OF CERTAIN SOCIAL MEDIA APPLICATIONS AND SERVICES ON GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY DEVICES PROHIBITED"

12 July 2023 Texas A&M University System issues systemwide security plan; directs members to implement "administrative, operational or technical security controls" as necessary to comply

Definitions



Model Security Plan

1

Prevent TikTok and prohibited tech on state devices

Includes all state-issued devices capable of internet connectivity 2

Prohibit state business on personal devices

Personal devices only allowed if managed by the agency 3

Identity sensitive locations

Includes elec. meeting rooms personal devices NOT allowed in 4

Prevent prohibited tech on state networks

Includes firewall and VPN configurations — separate network possible

5

Coordinate with DIR

DIR hosts list of prohibited tech on website and sends notices upon update

Prohibited Software/Applications/Developers

- TikTok
- Kaspersky
- ByteDance Ltd.
- Tencent Holdings Ltd.
- Alipay
- CamScanner
- QQ Wallet

- SHAREit
- VMate
- WeChat
- WeChat Pay
- WPS Office
- Any subsidiary or affiliate of an entity listed above

Prohibited Hardware/Equipment/Manufacturers

- Huawei Technologies
 Company
- ZTE Corporation
- Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company
- Dahua Technology Company

- SZ DJI Technology Company
- Hytera Communications Corporation
- Any subsidiary or affiliate of an entity listed above

Texas A&M Process



Texas A&M — University-owned devices

- Prevent the use or download of any prohibited tech on all university-owned devices
 - o Includes desktops, laptops, tablets, cell phones, other internet-capable devices
 - Control university-owned devices to monitor compliance; maintain ability to remotely wipe devices and uninstall prohibited software
- Prevent communication with prohibited applications on all university networks or devices
 - Control networks with firewall rules and VPN configurations
 - Control devices using endpoint management

Texas A&M — Personal devices

- Prohibit employees or contractors from using personal devices with prohibited tech to conduct university business
- Prohibit personal devices with prohibited hardware from connecting to technology infrastructure
 - Applies specifically to local networks
 - Connections to public-facing technology (such as a public website) are excluded

Texas A&M — Sensitive areas

- Identify, catalog, and label locations designated as sensitive areas
 - Sensitive locations are defined as any location, physical or logical (virtual meetings), that are used to discuss or create research product that is considered <u>Confidential</u> or higher
- Identify and catalog data that requires protection of sensitive areas
- Prohibit employees or contractors from bringing personal devices with prohibited tech into designated sensitive areas
 - Vioitara ara aubicat to this policy

Texas A&M — Procurement controls

- Prevent procurement of any hardware or software that meets the criteria published by DIR
- What is the operational definition of subsidiary or affiliate?
 - DIR has not defined this
- No positive responsibility to search for corporate structure information
 - Once notified of a subsidiary or affiliate relationship, must act

Texas A&M — Exception process

- Law enforcement and public safety investigations
- Other investigations and adjudications required by law, regulation, or policy
- Enforcement of system-owned intellectual property rights
- Research in which a Prohibited Technology is critical to the project and an approved technology control plan is in place to protect campus research security, data and networks

State Bill 1893

- More restrictive exceptions are allowed only for:
 - Providing law enforcement
 - Developing or implementing information security measures
- Risk mitigation measures are required for any exceptions
- SB 1893 only applies to software (no hardware)

Texas A&M — Exception process

- Exceptions may only be approved by the agency head (president)
 - This authority may not be delegated
 - Exceptions are only valid for one year and must be renewed
- All approved exceptions must be reported to DIR through the CISO
- Devices granted an exception should only be used for the specific use case and only on non-state or specifically designated separate networks
 - If possible, cameras and microphones should be disabled on those devices when not in active use for their intended purpose
- For personal devices used for state business, exceptions should be limited to extenuating circumstances and only granted for a pre-defined period of time

Texas A&M — Exception process

- Information about the research and exception:
 - Project description and whether research is funded or unfunded
 - Why is the use of this technology imperative to the research?
 - Why are other comparative technologies insufficient?
 - What other comparative technologies were reviewed?
- An approved technology and data management plan specifying:
 - The use of the technology as part of the overall project
 - The risk mitigation measures that will be in place
 - Plan must be approved by the Office of the Chief Information Security Officer
- Notifications to:
 - Your representative Dean, Department Head, or Vice President
 - Vice President for Research and Responsible Conduct in Research Office
- Ultimate approval must be granted by the university president (state rule)
- Texas DIR and DPS will be notified; exceptions are for 1 year

Questions?

